
Summaries

UDC 1(091)

Stepanenko S.B.
PHILOSOPHY AND RHETORIC

Conventional (Platon) contrast of philosophy with rhetoric and its transformation in modern philosophy has been considered. Relation between philosophy and rhetoric is connected with their inner interaction which also determines the image of philosophy itself

UDC 1(091)(470)

Botieva O.V.
ROLE OF GENERAL NOTIONS AND METAPHYSICAL IDEAS FOR HISTORICAL DEVELOPMENT

Impossibility of formation of general notion of historical development has been shown. There are may be innumerable quantity of general notions owing to historical material variety. General notion is only one among numerous ones. To understand the unity of historical development the ideas are required. If general notions are created by a man himself then the ideas are cognized by mental contemplation which is possible as internal action of ideal beings on a cognizing person. Ideas help to embrace history as the whole; allow seeing not future but the end of history and evolution.

UDC 101:7.01

Naiman E.A.
CONCEPT OF «LOFTY» IN MODERN CRITICAL PHILOSOPHICAL DISCOURSE

Category of «lofty» has been considered as the element of critical discourse. Interpretation of the given notion is considered by the founders of modern European philosophy: J.-F. Liotard, J. Derrida, J.-L. Nancy. The main peculiarity of these interpretations is the consideration of lofty as ontological notion.

UDC 130.06

Malenko S.A.
PRINCIPLES OF ARCHETYPICAL MYTH REALIZATION

The principles of unconscious mastering the environment by individual on the basis of which there is a phenomenon of imagination of human soul content have been considered. Bidirectional process, called «transfer-contransfer», is its primary element. It allows, on the one hand, harmonizing existential human space and on the other hand, in the case of unconscious exclusion of undeveloped world content becomes natural explorer of consciousness making. In this connection the key mechanism of «transfer» – unconscious projection is analyzed. In any event, the trend of unconscious projections of a man allows defining the specific character of modern myth occurrence.

UDC 008.001

Grigoriants T.A.
PLASTICITY IN EMPATIA

The possibilities of non obvious knowledge in the cultural world investigation have been considered. The modern idea of empatia is investigated and the variants of its existence are revealed. The concept «plasticity» is analyzed and the levels of interconnecting plasticity and empatia during communication are determined. Special features of empatia in actor's art are considered.

UDC 101.1:316

Sergeev V.K.
TO THE QUESTION ON NEW PHILOSOPHIC FOUNDATIONS OF HUMANISM

The new direction of philosophic searches for definition of the notion «humanism» is presented. New philosophic foundations of humanism will allow developing new perspective relations of human, society and nature.

UDC 18;7.01

Duminskaya M.V.
PECULIARITY OF METHODOLOGICAL APPROACH TO UNDERSTANDING OF ESTHETIC PHENOMENA

Allowing possibilities of the methods directed on understanding of the esthetic nature of existence is analyzed. An attempt of reproduction of a special methodological approach to research of the esthetic phenomena is undertaken. Such approach is based on the principle of adequate attitude towards a perceiving subject and it allows getting closer to holistic understanding of the esthetic system of existence.

UDC 101.1

Andreeva P.V.
INTERACTION OF SCIENCE AND MORALITY IN THE CONTEXT OF MAKING NEW RATIONALITY

Social-ethic and humanistic characteristics of the main stage of advancement of science have been considered. The point about the fact that for each of singled out stages of historical advancement of science the moral modus is such characteristic which allows identifying them as independent ones is substantiate.

UDC 316.6

Hatkevich S.P.
COMMUNICATIVE TRANSFORMATIONS OF EDUCATION IS THE ANSWER TO COMMUNICATIVE ONTOLOGY OF MODERN SOCIALITY

Fundamental changes in ontology of social reality caused by cultural philosophic deconstruction of XX c. have methodological resonance in various social practices including educational social practice. Deconstruction of metaphysical thought both in philosophy and in concrete spheres of sociality correspondingly resulted in necessity of their communicative conceptualization. Therefore, modern education gained communicative ontology.

UDC 37.015.3

Yakovlev B.P., Bogdan I.T.
THEORETICAL ASPECT OF THE PROBLEM OF PERSONALITY WILLINGNESS TO PROFESSIONAL ACTIVITY FROM THE POSITION OF FUTURE SPECIALIST FORMATION

At present in the conditions of modern education more attention is paid to the technology of personality-oriented teaching. According to the personality-oriented teaching a student becomes a subject of educational activity through the realization of certain psychological-pedagogical conditions where main attention should be pointed at the formation of personality willingness to the future professional activity.

UDC 373(571)

Balakina L.L.
TOLERANCE AS A PRINCIPLE OF COMMUNICATIVE INTERACTION OF A TEACHER AND A STUDENT

It has been mentioned that in modern conditions education solves the problem of formation of students tolerant thought. It is connected with the development of such qualities as tolerance to dissent, consciousness of own standard of behavior, understanding and acceptance of others.

UDC 001.2;008.001

Kvesko R.B., Radchenko O.E., Chubik A.P., Kvesko S.B., Goncharova O.S., Isupov M.V.
SUBJECT OF TOLERANCE AND INTOLERANCE AS A FACTOR OF SOCIAL RELATIONS MANAGEMENT

The problem of tolerance and intolerance subject in mass consciousness of society has been considered, conceptual approaches to examination of their interaction mechanism are analyzed.

UDC 001.2;008.001

**Kvesko R.B., Vanina I.L., Kvesko S.B.,
Chubik A.P., Bukhtoyarov S.V., Emelyanova N.E.**
**SOCIOLINGUISTIC COMMUNICATION AS AN ELEMENT OF
SOCIAL RELATIONS**

The problem of sociolinguistic as the science and sociocultural phenomenon has been considered. On the basis of the concept analysis the peculiarities of language role in the development of society as a social code between society structural elements and specific character of social layers and groups communication as a mean of personality education and teaching are revealed. The conclusion about the role of nature intertextuality and social construction of all meanings as well as interactive communication of language and social environment in forming social corporative environment of society, in social process management was drawn.

UDC 130.2.13

Surina T.V.
**POET AS A TIMELESS AND SPACELESS SUBJECT
OF A DIALOGUE IN CULTURE**

Ontological importance of a poet as a subject in the world culture experience consisting in cultural transmission which is constructed by the principle of dialogue has been covered. Making a significant breakthrough into nonphysical time the poet turns out to be in all times space and with the help of multilevel system of his subjectivity he can approve indifferent structure of Existence in everlasting dialogue – self-reflection. Poet as «Existence shepherd» represents in this connection someone listening to the underlying call of ontological fullness which finds its language and shape in him being implemented in poetry. Ontological predestination of a man as a subject of culture – «to say Existence» is expressed in this. And without it he turns into «working beast» according to M. Heidegger expression.

UDC 820

Chebotaieva E.V.
**GENRE ORIGINALITY OF SHORT STORIES OF K. MANSFIELD
IN THE COLLECTION «IN A GERMAN PENSION»**

Genre modifications of K. Mansfield early works being included into the collection «In a German Pension» have been considered. The short stories of sketch layout and early psychological short story works are emphasized. They later became the source of innovatory social-psychological prose of the English writer of the beginning of XX c.

UDC 1 (075)

Koinova G.N., Nesterova O.Yu.
**EDUCATION AS SELF CREATION (F. NIETZSCHE
ABOUT EDUCATION: MODERN THOUGHTS)**

Authors appeal to F. Nietzsche thoughts in respect to man's nature, education as a mode of existence praising him to the ups of spiritual self creation. In this article injustice of ideological interpretation of Nietzsche's categories "will to power" and "superman" is explained.

UDC 1(091)

Lavrukhin A.V.
**THE IDEA OF PRACTICAL INTELLECT
IN PHENOMENOLOGY OF E. GUSSERL**

Phenomenological project of scientific ethics of E. Gusserl has been presented. Conceptual and methodological interaction between gusserl concept of theoretical intellect (transcendental phenomenology) and the idea of practical intellect (practical philosophy) is shown.

UDC 165.62

Inishev I.N.
**INTENSIONALITY AND OBVIOUSNESS. ORIGINS
OF TRANSCEDENTAL GUSSERL PHENOMENOLOGY**

Ratio of intentionality concepts and obviousness in Edmond Gusserl phenomenology has been considered. Clarification of these concepts interaction is very significant for explication of implicit reasons

for transformation of initial-disciplinary neutral-phenomenological project into radical transcendental philosophical doctrine.

UDC 1(091)

Borisov E.V.
**PROBLEM OF STANDARD IN LANGUAGE
PHENOMENOLOGY: WITTGENSTEIN AND GADAMER**

Statement of the problem of rule conformity has been considered in philosophy of L. Wittgenstein and problems of standard have been considered in philosophic hermeneutics of H.-G. Gadamer. Structural isomorphism of these problems and efficiency of hermeneutic approach to their solution is shown.

UDC 176+177.6

Brylina I.V.
SEX AND LOVE

Phenomenon of love (its nature, structure, social functions) as well as approaches to its studying formed in various sciences (psychological, sociological, demographic, sexological, action, dialogical) have been analyzed. Its role and place in solving the problems of youth sex education in the context of personality socialization at the university are determined.

UDC 176+177.6

Brylina I.V.
**SEX AS A SOURCE OF LIFE: V.V. ROSANOV,
L.N. TOLSTOY, M.I. TSVETAeva**

Problem of sex as a phenomenon of culture in the whole has been analyzed and one of sex theories («children bearing religion» of V.V. Rosanov) formed in Russian philosophy of the end of XIX and the beginning of XX cc. and views in harmony with it in fiction (L.N. Tolstoy, M.I. Tsvetaeva, acmeism) has been considered. Sex is considered as the source of life in connection with the phenomena of love, family, marriage, divorce, children bearing, asceticism, chastity and immortality.

UDC 316.356.2+316.356.4

Bokova T.L.
**MAIN TRENDS OF DEVELOPMENT OF INTERETHNIC FAMILY
IN RUSSIAN SOCIETY**

System of both external and internal factors influencing the dynamics of interethnic number of marriages has been analyzed. Main trends for development of this phenomenon were revealed.

UDC 316.14

Iliyaeva I.A., Savenkova I.V.
**SOCIOLOGICAL APPROACH TO GENDER RELATIONS
IN THE SOCIETY**

Discussing social potential of women and men the authors emphasize that in modern society the problem of gender relations is weighty as there is a weak converse to feminine control resource, insufficient demand for available women potential abilities and talents mainly because of the fact that they are women. The authors affirm that it is necessary to involve women into society social life, promote the disclosure of their managerial abilities as a high administrative potential which women possess may open new possibilities of social-economic development for Russia.

UDC 930.085

Kirdyashkin I.V.
**POLITICAL SOCIALIZATION OF RUSSIAN
YOUTH – EXISTENTIAL BASIS**

Cultural and political conditions and aims of youth participation in social and political life of the country have been considered in the article; especially the influence of the Russian power on the youth environment, as a very important factor of its (the youth environment) adaptive and cultural strategies' «construction» generating not only the directions of its social and political activity but also its «dimension» in the field of social interactions.

UDC 141.2

Kiryanova L.G., Mazurina O.A.
THEORIES OF GLOBALIZATION IN THE CONTEXT OF POSTCLASSICAL PARADIGM

The article is devoted to the analysis of modern theories of globalization. Main directions of scientific investigations laid down the foundation for modern theories of globalization have been considered. The analysis of three main directions of globalization conceptualization is presented. The significant difference in understanding the essence, structure and logic of modern globalization processes – from globalization negation to its absolutization as well as interdisciplinary character of globalization concept itself is demonstrated.

UDC 101:1;008:1

Stepanov A.A., Kornienko A.A.
CERTAIN ETHIC QUESTIONS OF BUSINESS IN THE CONTEXT OF WAR METAPHOR: TO THE STATEMENT OF THE PROBLEM

Conceptual explanation of ethic behavior with respect to the competitors in business involving historic and philosophic material by the example of war conflicts more tough traditionally than business conflicts has been represented.

UDC 17

Kornienko Anna A.
DECONSTRUCTION PROCESS OF TRUTH UNITY IN PROBLEM FIELD OF MODERN CULTURE: CONCEPTUAL ASPECT

Nature of knowledge as a resource of power and control in the conditions of information sociality has been studied; giving up substantialism has been considered as a basis of deconstruction process of truth unity, legitimization of its heterogeneity.

UDC 17

Kornienko Anna A.
ON THE SEARCH OF BASIS OF NEW SCIENTIFIC RATIONALITY: FROM COGNITIVE CRITERION TO HUMANISTIC MEASUREMENT

Problem of modern civilization crisis conditioned by dehumanizing role of scientific and technological advance and a way of forming new humanistic world-relation and humanistic oriented science have been discussed.

UDC 009

Nikitina Yu.A.
CO-EVOLUTION-INNOVATION ACTIVITY OF SOCIAL SYSTEMS IN NON-LINEAR ENVIRONMENT

Recent social systems are characterized by increasing complexity and dynamics of their interactions. The author shows that co-evolution – innovation activity provides an optimizing of systems' behavior in non-linear environment.

UDC 009

Nikitina Yu.A.
DEVELOPMENT OF HIGHEST FORMS OF SOCIAL SYSTEMS ADAPTATION UNDER CONDITIONS OF INSTABLE ENVIRONMENT

Possibilities of social system adaptation to instable environment have been considered in the article. It is shown that just under crisis conditions it is possible for social systems to develop the highest forms of adaptation.

UDC 17

Fadeeva V.N.
OPEN SOCIETY IN G. SOROS CONCEPT

Open society concept has been considered in its modern interpretation. The model of open society constructed by G. Soros presupposes the concept of reflexivity and fallibility which can support real realization of open society principles.

UDC 342.2.33

Chepunov O.I.
QUESTIONS OF NATURE AND NOTION OF STATE POWER

Questions of state power nature, its universal importance in human civilization development have been studied; various approaches to defining state power have been given and its essence has been characterized.

UDC 342.2.33

Chepunov O.I.
QUESTIONS OF AUTHORITIES CLASSIFICATION

Criteria and parameters of public authorities classification have been considered; public authorities have been classified; the used terminology has been analyzed.

UDC 378.2(571.1/.5):338(09)

Petrik V.V.
THE CONTRIBUTION OF THE GRADUATES OF SIBERIAN HIGHER SCHOOLS AT THE END OF 1950s – THE BEGINNING OF 1990s TO THE SOCIAL, ECONOMIC AND CULTURAL DEVELOPMENT OF COUNTRY AND REGION

The role of the graduates of Siberia higher schools at the end of the 50s – the beginning of the 90s of the XXth century in the social-economic and cultural life of the country and the region has been shown and their further life has been traced.

UDC 378.2(571.1/.5):338(09)

Petrik V.V.
GRADUATES OF SIBERIA HIGHER SCHOOLS, THEIR PLACEMENT AND USE IN ECONOMY, SOCIAL AND CULTURAL SPHERE (1958–1991)

The results of Siberia higher school activities at the end of 1950s – the beginning of 1990s have been considered; the attempt for generalizing experience of professional community use has been made. On the basis of the documents and materials from the archives the drawbacks in training and placement of Siberian higher schools graduates, as well as, the supply of different branches of National Economy and Culture with them are analyzed.

UDC 378.4.01

Pankova N.M.
THE IDEA OF UNIVERSITY IN MODERN EDUCATIONAL PARADIGM

The review of modern models of higher university education has been presented. Main trends to university development in modern world were emphasized. Perspectives of university development by the example of the model of innovation academic university were analyzed.

UDC 378.26.012.3

Tsoy G.A.
PROBLEMS OF HIGHER EDUCATION QUALITY IN RUSSIA: SOCIAL-PHILOSOPHIC ANALYSES

The notion of philosophic category «quality» has been given; social-philosophic definition of notions «education» and «quality of education» has been formulated. The analysis of problems of higher education quality in the conditions of modern society transformation was given. Different approaches to solving the problems facing the system of higher education on increasing the quality of education by means of applying social-philosophic analysis have been considered.

UDC 1:372.8;1.007;101.1;1(092)

Kornienko A.A., Kvesko R.B.
PHILOSOPHY – MEANING AND VALUE OF LIFE

Process of forming scientific areas of philosophy department at Tomsk Polytechnic University has been considered from the position of realization of life values and meaning of life.